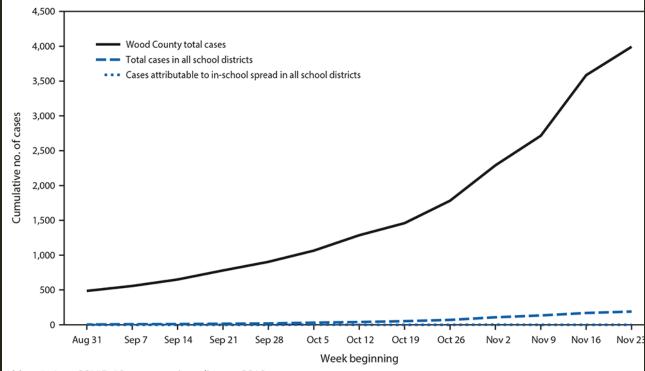
COVID RV Fall Update

BRAVO!

FIGURE 1. Cumulative number of community and school-associated* COVID-19 cases and in-school transmission,† by week — Wood County, Wisconsin, August 31-November 29, 2020



Abbreviation: COVID-19 = coronavirus disease 2019.



^{*} Cases occurring in students or school staff members.

[†] Cases attributed to virus transmission occurring during students' attendance at schools.

Topics Covered

- Delta Variant
- Review of current district area COVID rates
- Review of current district area Vaccination rates
- Review of current CDC and other guidelines
- Discussion about mitigation measures
- Testing Options
- Discussion

Variants

B117 Alpha UK

• B1351 Beta South Africa

P.1 Gamma Brazil

B1427 Epsilon California

B1429 Epsilon California

• B1617 Delta India

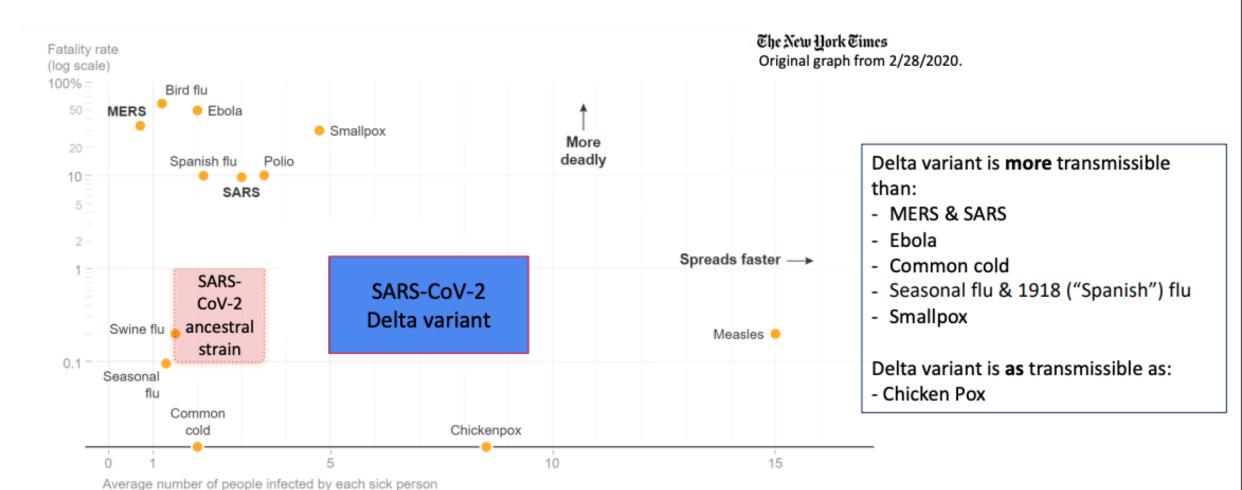


Delta

- 85 countries
- Most common variant in India, UK and USA
- WHO –encourages fully vaccinated people to wear masks indoors
- CDC no change

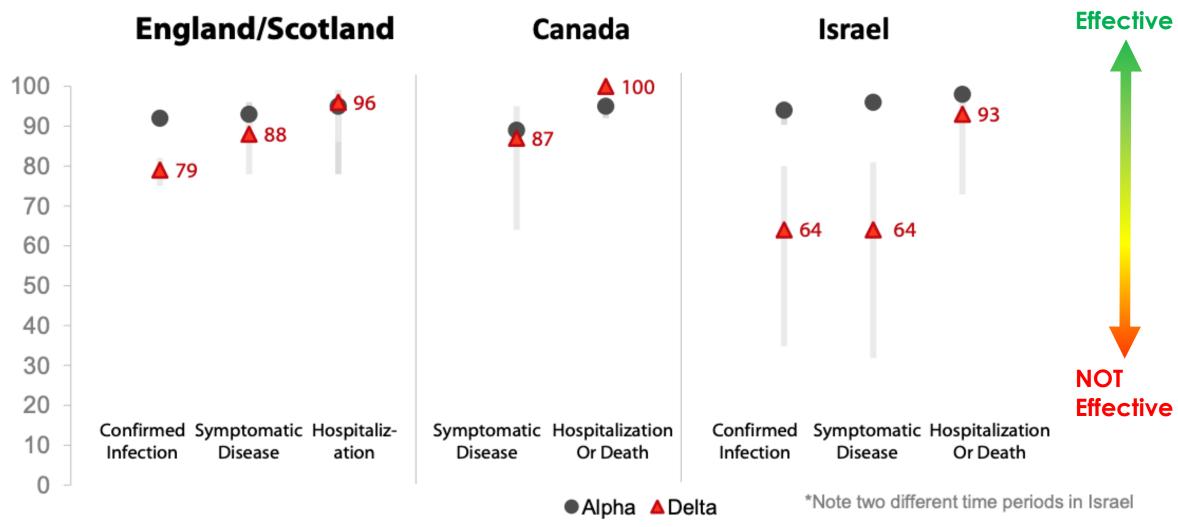
Human behavior during the pandemic more important than any COVID variant

Transmission of Delta variant vs. ancestral strain and other infectious diseases



Note: Average case-fatality rates and transmission numbers are shown. Estimates of case-fatality rates can vary, and numbers for the new coronavirus are preliminary estimates.

Pfizer 2-Dose Vaccine Effectiveness for Alpha vs. Delta

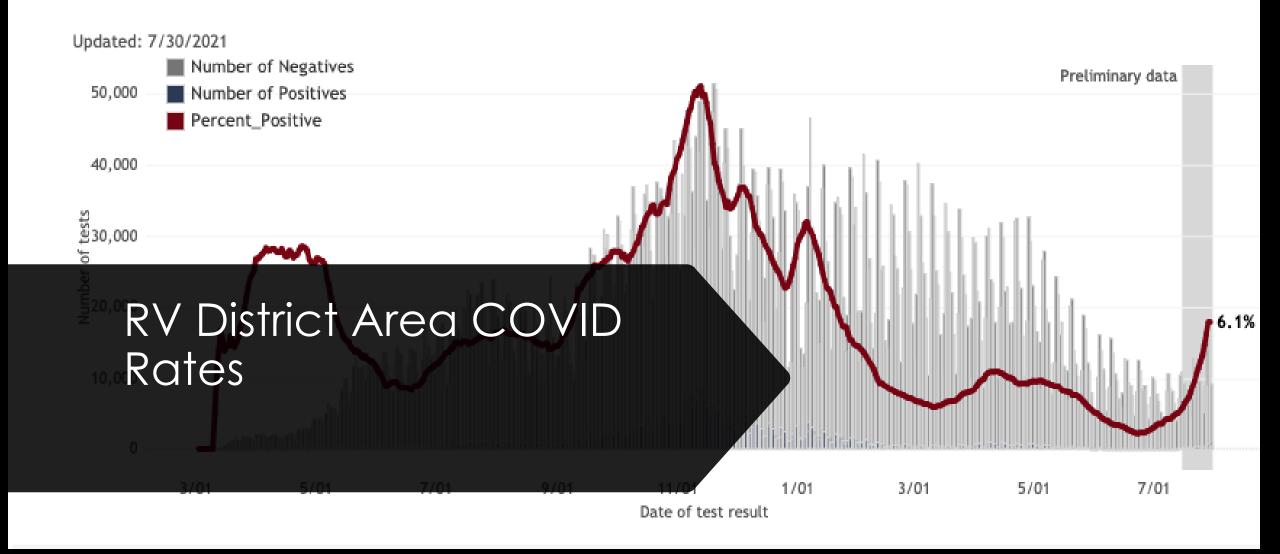


Sheikh et al. Lancet (2021): https://doi.org/10.1016/S0140-6736(21)01358-1; Lopez Bernal et al. medRxiv preprint; https://doi.org/10.1101/2021.05.22.21257658; Stowe et al. PHE preprint: https://khub.net/web/phe-national/public-library/-/document_library/v2WsRK3ZlEig/view/479607266; Nasreen et al.medRxiv preprint: https://doi.org/10.1101/2021.06.28.21259420; https://doi.org/10.1101/2021.06.28.21259420; https://htt

Delta Variant Summary

- Delta is different from previous strains
 - Highly contagious
 - Likely more severe
 - Breakthrough infections may be as transmissible as unvaccinated cases
- Vaccines prevent >90% of severe disease with Delta
- Vaccines may be <u>less effective</u> at preventing infection or transmission

7-day percent positive by test, total tests by day

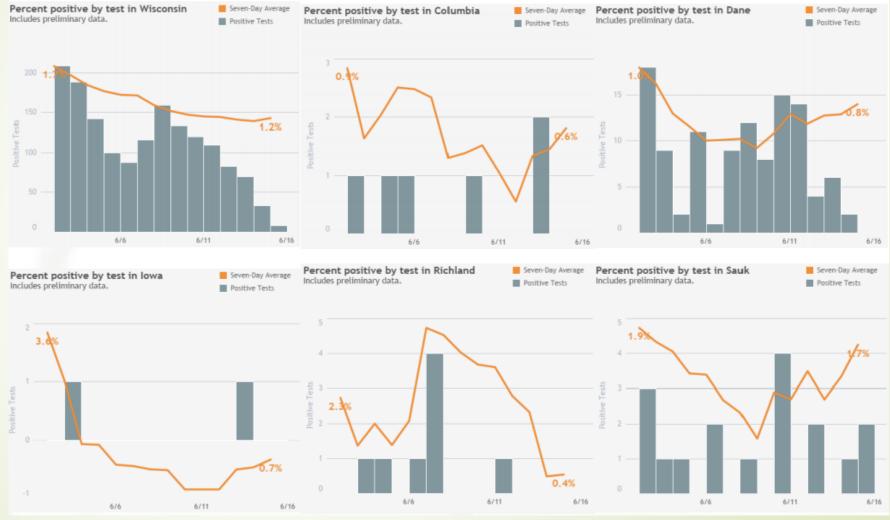


COVID Rates in

RV District

- Positivity Rates
 - Wisconsin 1.2%
 - Dane 0.8%
 - lowa 0.7%
 - Richland 0.4%
 - Sauk 1.7%

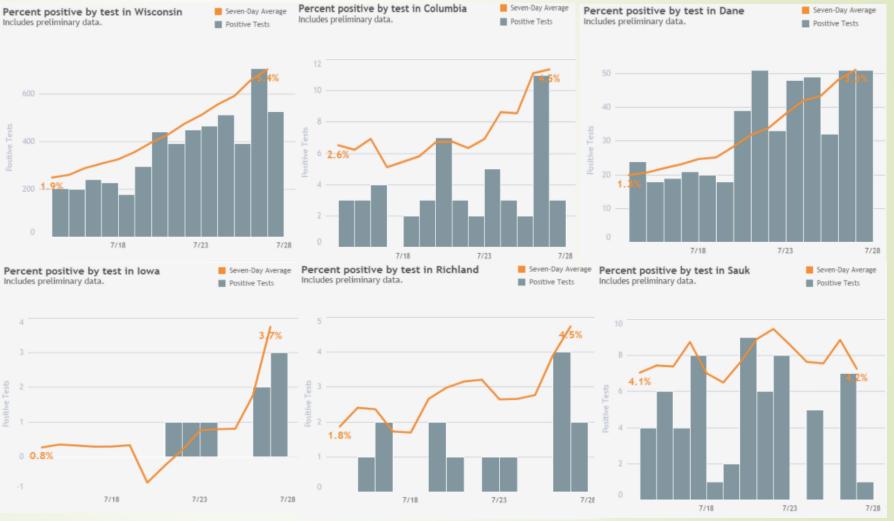
June 22, 2021

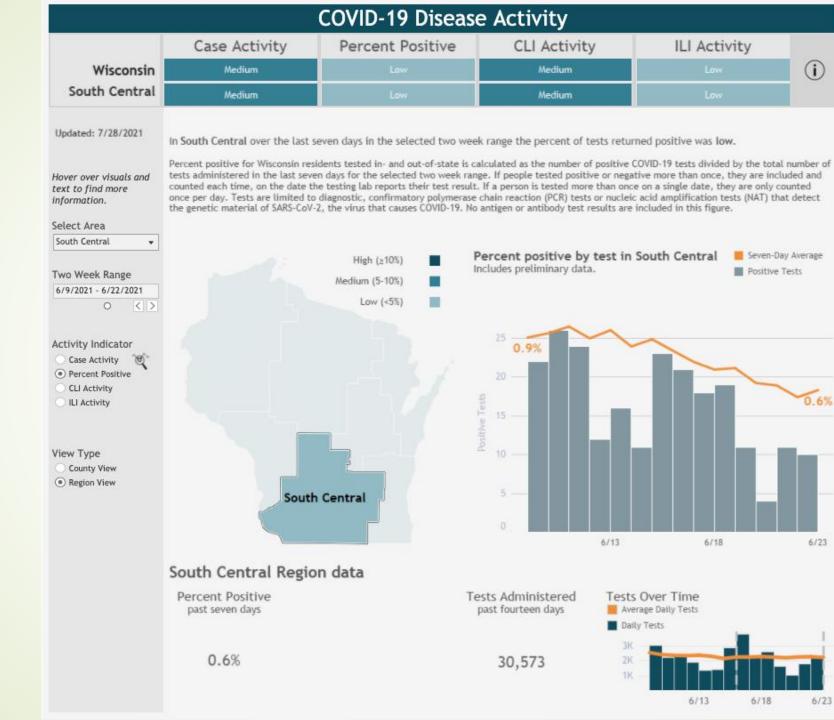


COVID Rates in RV District

- Positivity Rates
 - Wisconsin $1.2\% \rightarrow 5.4\%$
 - **■** Dane 0.8% → **3.3%**
 - **■** lowa 0.7%→ **3.7%**
 - Richland 0.4%→ **4.5%**
 - Sauk 1.7%→ **4.2%**

July 30, 2021





(i)

6/23

6/18

		COVID-19 Dise	ease Activity			
	Case Activity	Percent Positive	e CLI Activit	y ILI Act	tivity	
Wisconsin	High	Medium	Medium	Lo	w	(
South Central	High	Low	Medium	Lo	W	
Updated: 7/28/2021	In South Central over the last so					numi
Hover over visuals and text to find more information.	tests administered in the last seve counted each time, on the date th once per day. Tests are limited to the genetic material of SARS-CoV-	e testing lab reports their test diagnostic, confirmatory polyr	result. If a person is tested mornerase chain reaction (PCR) test	re than once on a single date, ts or nucleic acid amplification	they are only co tests (NAT) that	unte
Select Area South Central						
7		High (≥10%)		y test in South Central	Seven-Day	y Ave
Two Week Range		Medium (5-10%)	Includes preliminary dat	a.	Positive T	ests
7/14/2021 - 7/27/2021						
0<>		Low (<5%)				
			120			1
Activity Indicator Case Activity			100			
Case Activity Percent Positive						
CLI Activity			e 80 -			
 ILI Activity 			Te and the second			
			90 Test			
View Type County View			40 1.5%			
Region View						
	South	Central	20			
			0			
				7/18 7/	23	
	South Central Regio	n data				
	Percent Positive		Tests Administered	Tests Over Time		
	past seven days		past fourteen days	Average Daily Tests		
				■ Daily Tests		
	2 70/		22 270	3K - 2K -		1011
	3.7%		32,278	1K —		
				7/18	7/23	

Penn State football team blown out by Wisconsin, 45-7

Updated Jan 03, 2019; Posted Nov 26, 2011





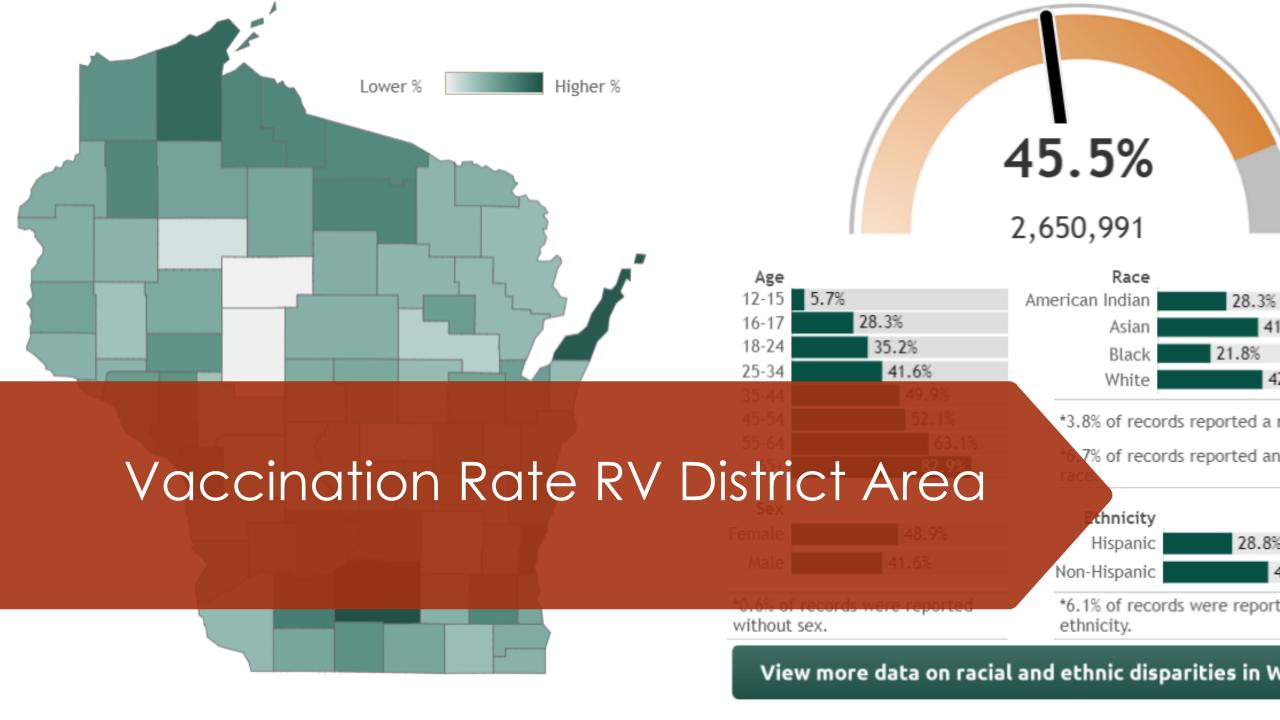
By Associated Press



AP Photo | MORRY

GASH Penn State's Gerald Hodges, bottom right, is called for a horse-collar tackle on Wisconsin's Montee Ball (28) during the first half of an NCAA college football game today in Madison, Wis.





RV District Vaccination Summary

May 2021

July 2021

Month	County % Vaccinated	% 12 - 15yo Vaccinated	% 16 - 17yo Vaccinated
May	47.5%	2.1%	27.7%
July	↓ 54.4%	35.2%	42.8%

How about our most vulnerable?

Age Group	% Vaccinated	Remaining	Risk compared to 18 yo		
		Unvaccinated	Hospitalization	Death	
55 – 64	73%	4320	4x	35x	
65+	86%	2904	6-15x	95 - 600x	

^{*}Dane County not included

Academy CS TE HEALTH OF ALL CHILDREN®

Current Recommendations

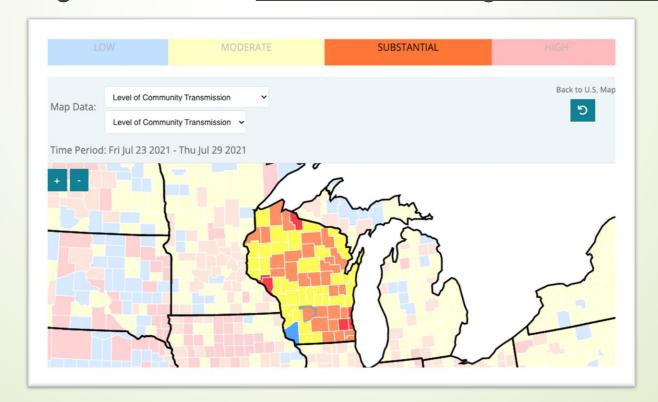




- Safe return to in-person instruction is highest priority
- Vaccination is leading prevention strategy
- CDC recommends universal indoor masking for all teachers, staff, students, and visitors to schools, regardless of vaccination status.
- Maintain 3 ft of distance + indoor masking
- Stay at home when ill
- Schools monitor community transmission, vaccine coverage, testing results and outbreaks



► Fully vaccinated people to wear a mask in public indoor settings in areas of <u>substantial or high transmission</u>.



American Academy of Pediatrics





DEDICATED TO THE HEALTH OF ALL CHILDREN®

- In-person learning
- Vaccination
- Masks
- Layered approach with multiple mitigation strategies

"Universal masking is recommended because a significant portion of the student population is not yet eligible for vaccines and masking is proven to reduce transmission of the virus. This approach operationalizes the requirement for unvaccinated individuals to wear masks and overcomes issues of verifying who is vaccinated and having to monitor the activity of those who are unvaccinated"

What are your goals?

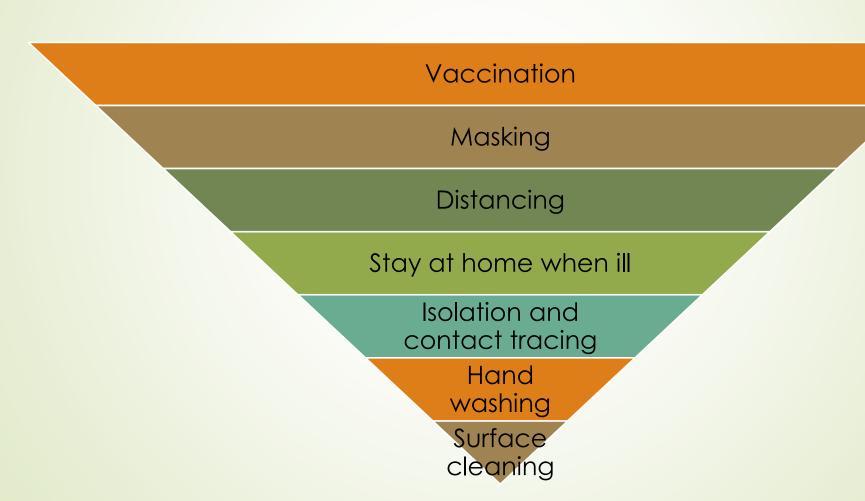
Keep Kids in School

> Keep kids safe from COVID

Follow CDC Guidelines Meet Community Expectations

Keep at risk in community safe End this pandemic

Let's take an inventory.... of mitigation strategies to consider.



Masks work for everything else...

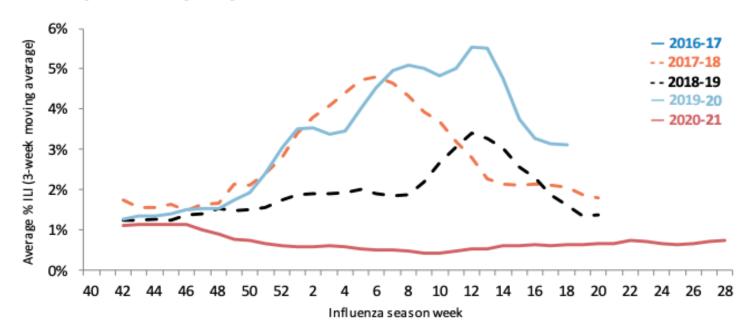
Division of Public Health

Respiratory Virus Surveillance Report

Week 28: Ending July 17, 2021

WISCONSIN STATE SUMMARY

ILI activity trend analysis by influenza season, Wisconsin



Influenza-associated hospitalizations, Wisconsin Electronic Disease Surveillance System October 1, 2020 to present

It's already begun...

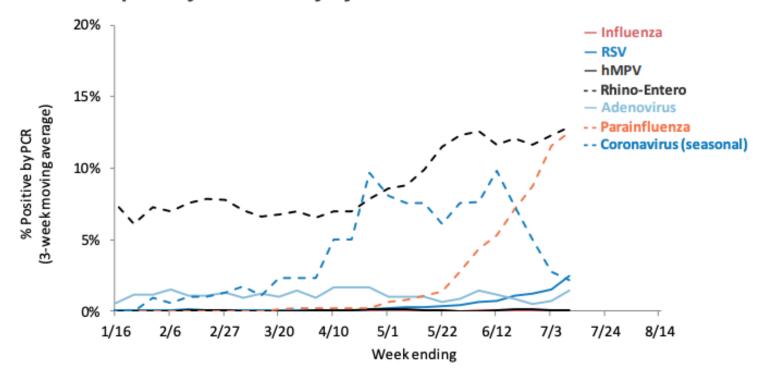
Division of Public Health

Respiratory Virus Surveillance Report

Week 28: Ending July 17, 2021

WISCONSIN LABORATORY SURVEILLANCE FOR RESPIRATORY VIRUSES BY PCR

Trends in respiratory virus activity by PCR



	Fully Masked	Mask Optional
	Least disruptive & costly from an operations standpoint.	Increased cost & complexity of operations.
Operations	Testing capacity important but may be utilized less frequently than in a mask optional environment.	Increased need for nursing & staff support for testing, follow up phone calls due to absences and contact tracing.
	Lower administrative burden with respect to quarantine related tasks due to decreased transmission.	Will need robust testing capacity.
	Physical distancing does not impede daily operations – day can largely proceed normally (with the exception of lunch which requires modification/distancing given unmasked).	Operations will need to account for distancing, cohorting.

Close Contact Exclusion

"Modified Quarantine"

- Only works in majority masked environment
- If the POSITIVE case was <u>UNMASKED</u>
 - Normal quarantine (7 − 10 days) for ALL close contacts or cohort
- If the POSITVE case was MASKED
 - MASKED close contacts and cohorts can remain in school
 - Normal quarantine (7 10 days) for all UNMASKED close contacts or cohort

Wear a mask. Stay in school.



COVID-19 School Scenarios



CLOSE CONTACTS UNMASKED



NO ONE MASKED

Close Contacts

collection).

Perform a self-check about symptoms.

QUARANTINE:

The practice of or test positive for the

ISOLATION:

://dese.mo.gov/sites/defautt/files/COVID-MO-K12-Reopening-Guidance.pdf

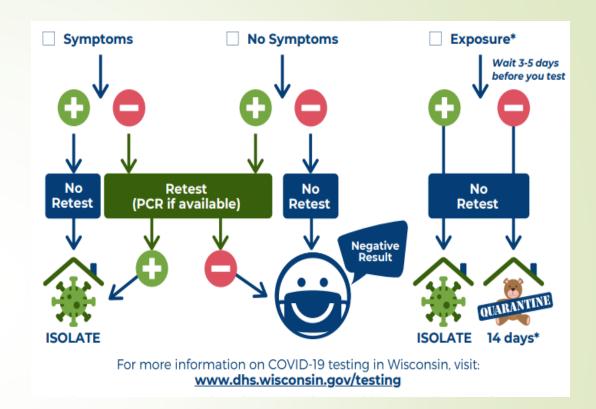
November 24, 2020

Let's take an inventory....
of mitigation strategies to consider.

Vaccination Masking K – 11 y.o. Distancing Stay at home when ill Isolation and contact tracing Hand washing Surface cleaning

Mask Optional Vision

- Distancing:
 - 6' distancing where possible.
 - Physical barriers
- Isolation: Positive cases quarantine household
 - 10 days
- Quarantine: Close contacts
 - ► K 11yo: Classroom or Cohort Quarantine
 - 10 days
 - 7 days with testing on day 5 or later (Free school antigen testing?)



Testing



Diagnostic

- Who: Suspected individual cases of COVID-19
- •Good community support and access. Readily available home tests



Outbreak testing

- Who: Pretty much everyone in a building
- When: 2 or more cases in the same building in 14-day period thought to be linked



Screening / Pooled Testing

- •Who: At least 10% of consenting unvaccinated teacher & student body
- When: Weekly to every other week



Event Testing

- Who: Those participating in a school event
- •When: 2 3 days prior to event

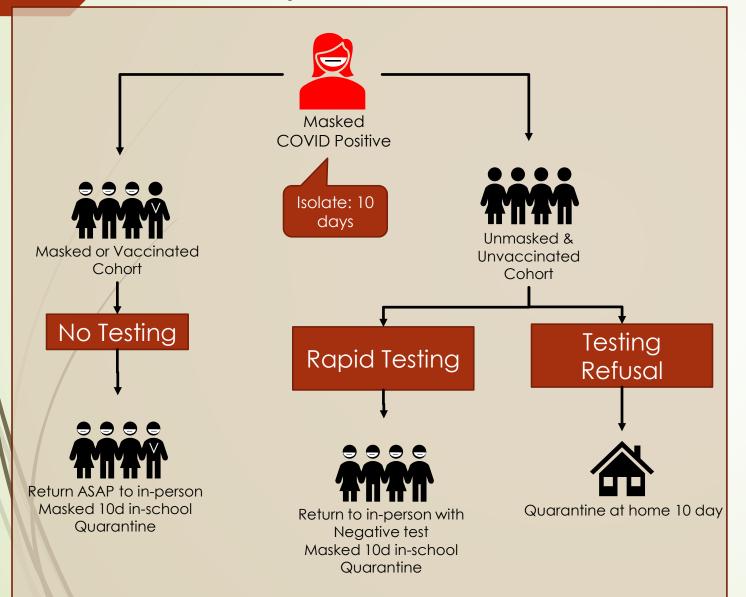
Outbreak Testing

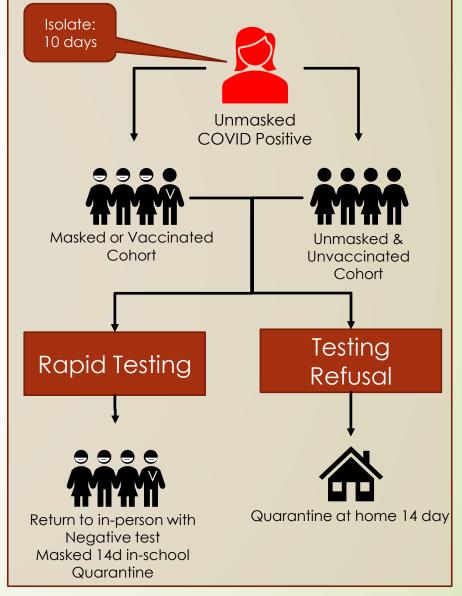
- When:
 - 2 or more cases in the same building / classroom in 14-day period
 - Public Health identifies as linked cases
 - Deployed in 24 hours
- Who is tested:
 - ALL students and teachers are tested EXCEPT:
 - Asymptomatic Fully vaccinated students and teachers
 - Asymptomatic had COVID in the last 90 days
- Who continues in-person learning
 - Asymptomatic
 - Negative Rapid test
 - NOT close contact of a person who tests positive
- Coordinated / Rapid / Access

Mask Optional Vision

- Positive Case Identified
- Classroom or cohort sent home for investigation (24 hrs)
 - If Positive Case was MASKED
 - All MASKED & Vaccinated classmates/Cohort allowed to return to in-person learning
 - No testing needed
 - All UNMASKED & Unvaccinated classmates/Cohort remain home for Quarantine
 - 10 days at home
 - +/- Rapid mass testing to return sooner
 - ALL returning students MASK upon return
 - Continue ALL MASKING for at least 14 days after POSITIVE case
 - If Positive Case was UNMASKED
 - All MASKED & UNMASKED & Vaccinated remain home for Quarantine
 - +/- Rapid mass testing to return sooner (Quickest potential return)
 - Negatives return with MASKS
 - 7 day with Negative test Return as usual
 - 10 day Return as usual

Mask Optional

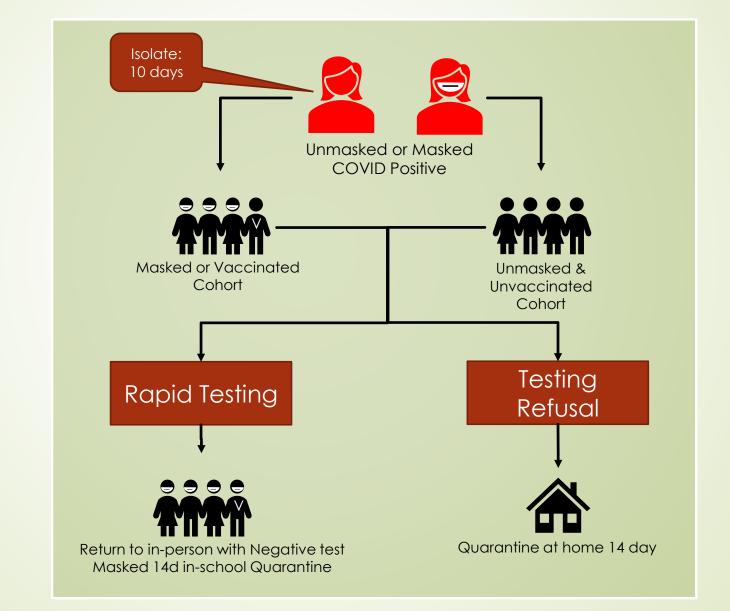




Mask Optional Vision (simplified)

- Positive Case Identified
- Classroom or cohort sent home for investigation (24 hrs)
 - If Positive Case (Masked or Unmasked)
 - All classmates/Cohort sent home for Quarantine
 - +/- Rapid testing to return sooner
 - ALL NEGATIVE OUTBREAK TESTING students return MASKED ASAP
 - Those who refuse testing or refuse to mask, returns in 14 days after full home quarantine
 - Continue ALL MASKING for at least 10 days after POSITIVE case
 - Resume Mask Optional afterwards if no new cases present
- Rapid Testing
 - Accessible / Equitable / Rapid
 - Home test? Antigen vs PCR/NAAT

Mask Optional (Simplified)



Mask Optional Vision

- What are we going to do when a large % (30 50) have a mix of normal seasonal and COVID symptoms?
- Unmasked classroom has a much higher likelihood MULTIPLE POSITIVE COVID cases at one time
- Rapid prevention of FURTHER spread might be the lower bar we shoot for:
 - Aggressive "send home and testing" for symptomatic students
 - MASK symptomatic early and often
 - Test to return Go for the gold (get PCR testing at a community/clinc site)
 - Negative Antigen testing (Home) maybe acceptable when case rates are still low
 - Consider Return WITH mask while minimally symptomatic if antigen test is negative
 - Consider Return WITHOUT mask and asymptomatic if students gets PCR/NAAT testing
 - Outbreak testing
 - Reactive "Mask Back On" policy when there is a known POSITVE COVID CASE

Discussion:

- 1. Do you think we should mask 4K 11 y.o.?
 - Furukawa says "Yes"
- 2. Is there a path where we start without masks? (Yes or No)
 - I don't like it but "Maybe..." but not without:
 - Aggressive send home and return with testing strategy
 - A robust testing strategy that is accessible and rapid
 - And a well defined and well communicated MASK BACK ON policy
 - Mask optional seems logistically complex when cold & flu season rolls in
- 3. What testing seems worthwhile?
 - Diagnostic: Probably community can take on
 - Outbreak testing: Use state resources for in-school testing

Discussion:

- 4. Do you take Vaccine status into consideration? (Yes or No)
 - YES
 - if vaccinated, students should be able to return to in-class learning even if they have to mask upon return
- 5. Is there a chance of going to mask optional by the winter?
 - YES
 - <1% positivity rate, Medium to low activity level. It's possible like June 2021</p>
 - Vaccines available to K 11yo
 - Rest of the school vaccination was a little higher

Summary

- ■It's a complex decision
- The potential for rapid spread is there
- ■It's a moving target

